

Examples of Verbs for Specifying Learned Behaviors at Each Level of the Cognitive Domain

If you want students to *recall*

Know common terms
Know specific facts
Know methods and procedures
Know basic concepts
Know principles

Ask them to

Recall, identify, describe, define, cite, count,
list, name, memorize, match, tell who or
what, label, fill in the blank, reproduce,
select, state, outline, record, underline

If you want students to *comprehend*

Understand facts and principles
Interpret verbal material
Interpret charts and graphs
Translate verbal material to mathematical formula
Estimate future consequences implied in data
Justify methods and procedures

Ask them to

Summarize, paraphrase, translate, explain,
interpret, convert, defend, write a short
answer, distinguish, estimate, generalize,
give examples, infer, predict, compute,
identify, rewrite in their own words, restate,
review

If you want students to *apply*

Apply concepts and principles to new situations
Apply laws and theories to practical situation
Solve mathematical problems
Construct charts and graphs
Demonstrate correct usage of a method or procedures

Ask them to

Apply, show, make, illustrate, demonstrate,
teach, use, tell how..., change, compute,
manipulate, modify, operate, predict,
prepare, produce, solve, calculate, employ,
examine, practice, interpret

If you want students to *analyze*

Recognize unstated assumptions
Recognize logical fallacies in reasoning
Distinguish between facts and inferences
Evaluate the relevancy of data
Analyze the organizational structure of a work

Ask them to

Compare, contrast, classify, categorize,
dissect, distinguish, determine, deduce,
investigate, break down, diagram, infer,
differentiate, discriminate, identify, outline,
separate, subdivide, debate, test, examine

If you want students to *synthesize*

Write a well organized theme
Give a well organized speech
Produce a design, prediction, hypothesis, invention,
formula, solution, synthesis, project, or plan

Ask them to

Categorize, combine, compile, compose,
create, design, predict, hypothesize, invent,
solve, infer, imagine, devise, explain,
generate, modify, organize, reconstruct,
revise, reorganize, write, arrange, assemble,
construct, formulate, integrate, prescribe,
propose, plan, manage

If you want students to *evaluate*

Judge the logical consistency of written material
Judge the adequacy with which conclusions are
supported by data
Judge the value of a work by using internal criteria
Judge the value of a work by using external standards of
excellence

Ask them to

Appraise, compare, conclude, contrast,
criticize, describe, discriminate, explain,
justify, interpret, summarize, support, assess,
choose, estimate, rank, score select

Adapted from:

Ford, Charles W. Clinical Education for the Allied Health Professions. Mosby: St. Louis, 1978

Gronlund, Norman E. Stating Objectives for Classroom Instruction. Macmillan publishing Co.: New York, 1970.

Zlatic, Thomas D., Ed. Developing Teaching Abilities within Pharmacy Education: A Sourcebook. St. Louis College of Pharmacy And American Association of College of Pharmacy: St. Louis, 1995.